



## MODULE SPECIFICATION

<b>Academic Year (student cohort covered by specification)</b>	2023-24
<b>Module Code</b>	2484
<b>Module Title</b>	Epidemiology and -omics
<b>Module Organiser(s)</b>	Dr Stéphane Hué, Professor David Leon
<b>Faculty</b>	Epidemiology & Population Health
<b>FHEQ Level</b>	Level 7
<b>Credit Value</b>	<b>CATS: 5</b> <b>ECTS: 2.5</b>
<b>HECoS Code</b>	tbc
<b>Term of Delivery</b>	Term 1
<b>Mode of Delivery</b>	For 2023-24 this module will be delivered by predominantly face-to-face teaching modes.  Where specific teaching methods (lectures, seminars, discussion groups) are noted in this module specification these will be delivered by predominantly face-to-face sessions. There will be a combination of live and interactive activities (synchronous learning) as well as recorded or self-directed study (asynchronous learning).
<b>Mode of Study</b>	Full-time
<b>Language of Study</b>	English
<b>Pre-Requisites</b>	This module is open to clinical and non-clinical students with a basic knowledge of epidemiology or who are taking modules in epidemiology in term 1. A basic understanding of biology (e.g. what is a gene, a protein etc.) is preferable but students without this knowledge will have access to introductory on-line material.
<b>Accreditation by Professional Statutory and Regulatory Body</b>	None
<b>Module Cap (indicative number of students)</b>	60 (numbers may be capped due to limitations in facilities or staffing)
<b>Target Audience</b>	This is a core module for students on MSc Epidemiology and is optional for those taking MSc Veterinary Epidemiology who need to understand key concepts and methods in the

	growing field of '-omics' as applied to epidemiological problems.
<b>Module Description</b>	This module will provide an introduction to the way in which developments in -omics science impact on epidemiology and public health looking at applications to both communicable and non-communicable diseases.
<b>Duration</b>	5 weeks at one half day per week
<b>Timetabling slot</b>	Term 1
<b>Last Revised (e.g. year changes approved)</b>	September 2022

<b>Programme(s)</b>	<b>Status</b>
This module is linked to the following programme(s)	
MSc Epidemiology	Compulsory
MSc Veterinary Epidemiology	Recommended

## Module Aim and Intended Learning Outcomes

<b>Overall aim of the module</b>
<p>The overall module aim is to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• provide an introduction to the way in which developments in -omics science impact on epidemiology and public health looking at applications to both communicable and non-communicable diseases.</li> <li>• explore conceptual differences and similarities between conventional epidemiological and -omics approaches to inference and hypothesis testing.</li> </ul> <p>The emphasis will be on providing key concepts and vocabulary to students, for them to gain a better appreciation and critical awareness of these very rapidly moving areas.</p>

<b>Module Intended Learning Outcomes</b>
<p>Upon successful completion of the module a student will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Explain the importance of '-omics' technologies in public health and epidemiology</li> <li>2. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the vocabulary used in large-scale, data-rich '-omics' studies</li> <li>3. Apply basic epidemiological principles to the critical interpretation of '-omics' studies when these are used for research questions of epidemiological relevance</li> </ol>



## Indicative Syllabus

### Session Content

The module is expected to cover the following topics:

- Core concepts of molecular biology and evolution applied to epidemiology
- Application of '-omics' data to public health research and practice
- The use of '-omics' data to characterise epidemiological exposures or outcomes
- Epidemiologic and statistical pitfalls in the use of -omics
- Ethical issues in -omics research applied to epidemiology and public health

## Teaching and Learning

### Notional Learning Hours

Type of Learning Time	Number of Hours	Expressed as Percentage (%)
Contact time	13	26
Directed self-study	10	20
Self-directed learning	7	14
Assessment, review and revision	20	40
<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>100</b>

Student contact time refers to the tutor-mediated time allocated to teaching, provision of guidance and feedback to students. This time includes activities that take place in face-to-face contexts such as lectures, seminars, demonstrations, tutorials, supervised laboratory workshops, practical classes, project supervision as well as where tutors are available for one-to-one discussions and interaction by email.

The division of notional learning hours listed above is indicative and is designed to inform students as to the relative split between interactive and self-directed study.

### Teaching and Learning Strategy

Teaching will consist of 5 half day sessions. Each session generally comprises an introductory lecture, a live 1.5-hour practical session or group discussion on the topic of the week.

Lectures will be made available a week prior to the relevant session. They will introduce key concepts of omics technologies applied to epidemiological research, with examples drawn from the investigation of communicable and non-communicable diseases.

Practicals will be non-computer based and delivered face to face. Students will gather in small groups to discuss a paper drawn from the literature and/or answer questions on the topic.

### Teaching and Learning Strategy

Practical tutors will facilitate discussions and sum up key points at the end of the session. Detailed answer sheets will also be provided after each practical.

At the end of the 5 weeks, half a session will be dedicated to a general discussion and an MCQ-based assessment.

Students who wish to consolidate their knowledge on the topic beyond the core module are invited to attend **5 supplementary sessions in Term 3**. They will follow the same format as the Term 1 sessions (i.e. live face-to-face lectures and practical sessions), and touch upon topics that were not covered in Term 1. The extended material includes the application of epigenetics, transcriptomics, molecular epidemiology and phylogenetics to epidemiology. These supplementary sessions are optional and not assessed.

There is no laboratory component to the module.

### Assessment

#### Assessment Strategy

The assessment for this module has been designed to measure student learning against the module intended learning outcomes (ILOs) as listed above.

The assessment for this module in Term 1 will be by multiple choice examination. Informal assessment will take place throughout the module. The assessment will only cover the content of the 5 weeks in Term 1 (core module).

### Summative Assessment

Assessment Type	Assessment Length (i.e. Word Count, Length of presentation in minutes)	Weighting (%)	Intended Module Learning Outcomes Tested
Timed Test (in-module test e.g. MCQ)	60 minutes	100	1 – 3

#### Resitting assessment

Resits will accord with the LSHTM's [Resits Policy](#) and will take place the following September.



## Resources

## Teaching for Disabilities and Learning Differences

The module-specific site on Moodle provides students with access to lecture notes and copies of the slides used during the lecture prior to the lecture (in pdf format). All lectures are recorded and made available on Moodle as quickly as possible. All materials posted up on Moodle areas, including computer-based sessions, have been made accessible where possible.

The LSHTM Moodle has been made accessible to the widest possible audience, using a VLE that allows for up to 300% zoom, permits navigation via keyboard and use of speech recognition software, and that allows listening through a screen reader. All students have access to “SensusAccess” software which allows conversion of files into alternative formats.

For students who require learning or assessment adjustments and support this can be arranged through the Student Support Services – details and how to request support can be found on the [LSHTM Disability Support pages](#).